

# New Zealand Gazette

OF THURSDAY, 31 OCTOBER 1996

WELLINGTON: MONDAY, 4 NOVEMBER 1996 — ISSUE NO. 161

# BAY OF PLENTY ELECTRICITY LIMITED

## INFORMATION FOR DISCLOSURE

PURSUANT TO THE ELECTRICITY (INFORMATION DISCLOSURE) REGULATIONS 1994

### BAY OF PLENTY ELECTRICITY LIMITED Special Purpose Financial Statements Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994

### Business Unit Statements of Financial Performance for the 12 Months ended 31 March 1996

		Network Business Unit				Energy Trading Business Unit	
	Notes	1996 \$000	1995 \$000	1996 \$000	1995 \$000	1996 \$000	1995 \$000
Revenue	3	20,065	20,282	12,464	9,944	23,716	21,996
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation	4	(15,973)	(15,810)	(3,233)	(2,847)	(23,399)	(23,659)
Operating Surplus(Deficit) Before Depreci	iation	4,092	4,472	9,231	7,097	317	(1,663)
Depreciation		(1,393)	(1,449)	(1,055)	(903)	(67)	(28)
Net Operating Surplus(Deficit)		2,699	3,023	8,176	6,194	250	(1,691)
Net Interest Expense	5	(550)	(671)	(118)	(144)	(118)	(143)
Net Surplus(Deficit) Before Abnormal Iter	ns	2,349	2,352	8,058	6,050	132	(1,834)
Abnormal Items	6	(165)	(1,017)	-	(218)	(165)	(218)
Net Surplus(Deficit) Before Taxation		1,984	1,335	8,058	5,832	(33)	(2,052)
Taxation Expense	7	(665)	(546)	(2,702)	(2,386)	11	839
Net Surplus(Deficit) after Taxation		1,319	789	5,356	3,446	(22)	(1,213)

### 4 NOVEMBER

### NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE

### **BAY OF PLENTY ELECTRICITY LIMITED** Special Purpose Financial Statements Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994

### Business Unit Statements of Financial Position As At 31 March 1996

		Network		Generation		<b>Energy Trading</b>	
		Busin	ess Unit	Busin	ess Unit	Busine	ss Unit
	Notes	1996	1995	1996	1995	1996	1995
		\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Shareholders' Equity							
Paid up Capital	8	8,197	8,196	11,395	11,395	400	400
Reserves	9	43,728	4,613	60,959	6,414	225	225
Retained Earnings	10	963	555	2,653	999	(592)	(585)
Total Shareholders' Equity		52,888	13,364	75,007	18,808	33	40
Non Current Liabilities							
Term Loans	11	6,000	3,500	6,750	750	750	750
Deferred Taxation	12	160	167	L043	734	(252)	(257)
Total Non Current Liabilities		6,160	3,667	7,793	1,484	498	493
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable and Accruals		2,364	2,538	1,231	353	2,378	1,607
Current Portion of Term Loans	11	500	3,500	4,250	1,750	250	750
Dividends Payable	13	594	338	2,414	1,481	(10)	(520)
Total Current Liabilities	•••	3,458	6,376	7,895	3,584	2,618	1,837
Total Shareholders' Equity and Liabilities		62,506	23,407	90,695	23,876	3,149	2,370
Non Current Assets							
Fixed Assets	14	59,272	19,182	89,647	23,497	395	364
Investments			-		23,477	307	26
Total Non Current Assets		59,272	19,182	89,647	23,497	702	390
Current Assets							
Cash at Bank		(270)	96	198	20	(54)	20
Short Term Deposits		300	140	150	30	150	30
Taxation Receivable	15	55	66	223	293	(1)	(102)
Accounts Receivable		2,111	2,956	477	36	2,352	2,032
Inventory		1,038	967	•			-
Total Current Assets		3,234	4,225	1,048	379	2,447	1,980
Total Assets		62,506	23,407	90,695	23,876	3,149	2,370

Notes to the Financial Statements for the 12 months ended 31 March 1996

### 1 Statement of Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of complying with the requirements of the Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994 and are intended for no other purpose.

### A General Accounting Policies

The general accounting policies recognised as appropriate for the measurement and reporting of results and financial position have been followed in the preparation of these financial statements. The historical cost method, as modified by the revaluation of certain assets, has been followed. Reliance has been placed on the fact that the business and undertakings of Bay of Plenty Electricity Limited are a going concern.

### **B** Particular Accounting Policies

The following particular accounting policies, which significantly affect the measurement of financial performance and/or financial position have been applied:

### (i) Revenue

Revenue shown in the statements of financial performance comprises amounts received and receivable for electricity, goods and services supplied to customers in the ordinary course of business. Energy Trading and Network revenues are based on actual and assessed readings plus an allowance for unread meters at balance date.

### (ii) Capital Contributions

Capital contributions received are recognised in the statements of financial performance as soon as any obligations attached to the contributions have been fulfilled.

### (iii) Investments

Investments in associate entities are stated at the fair value of the net tangible assets at acquisition plus the share of post-acquisition increases in reserves. Other investments are stated at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Interest income is accounted for as earned.

### (iv) Fixed Assets

The cost of purchased fixed assets is the value of the consideration given to acquire the assets and the value of other directly attributable costs which have been incurred in bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for their intended service.

The cost of assets constructed by the Company includes the cost of all materials used in constructions, direct labour on the project, financing costs that are directly attributable to the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads. Costs cease to be capitalised as soon as the asset is ready for productive use and do not include any inefficiency costs. Generation and distribution assets are valued using modified historical cost. These assets will be revalued on a cyclical basis at least every three years, by independent valuers.

### (v) Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of the fixed assets to their estimated residual value over their expected useful lives.

#### (vi) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of average cost and net realisable value, with obsolete stock written off.

### (vii) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at estimated realisable value after providing for debts where collection is considered doubtful.

### (viii) Taxation

The liability method of accounting for deferred taxation has been applied.

The taxation charge against the profit for the twelve months is the estimated liability in respect of that profit after allowance for all permanent differences. This is the comprehensive basis for the calculation of deferred taxation.

Future taxation benefits attributable to timing differences or losses carried forward are recognised in the financial statements only where there is virtual certainty that the benefit of the timing differences or will be utilised.

### (ix) Financial Instruments

Financial instruments entered into as hedges of an underlying exposure are accounted for on the same basis as the underlying exposure. Financial instruments entered into with no underlying exposure are accounted for on a mark to market basis.

### (x) Research & Development

Costs incurred on all research and development projects are written off as incurred, except that Development Costs are capitalised to the extent that such costs are expected, beyond any reasonable doubt, to be recovered.

### (xi) Foreign Currency

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at exchange rates in effect at the date of settlement, except where forward contracts have been taken out to cover future commitments. Where forward contracts have been taken out, the transaction is translated at the rate contained in the contract.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the 12 months ended 31 March 1996

#### C Changes in Accounting Policies

This is the first year that any assets have been recorded at valuation rather than cost. The effect of this change in accounting policy is to increase fixed assets and shareholder reserves by \$93,661,964. This change in the valuation basis has had no effect on the reported profit. There have been no other material changes in accounting policies. All policies have been applied on bases consistent with those used in previous years.

### 2 Compliance with Electricity Disclosure Guidelines

The Ministry of Commerce (the Ministry) has produced guidelines to assist electricity distributors in complying with the various requirements of the Regulations. In particular, the Ministry provided guidelines for the methodologies to be used to separate and allocate revenues, costs, assets and liabilities of the Company into separate business units and resulting financial statements required by Regulation 6 of the Regulations.

The company has followed the guidelines in all instances except as follows.

#### Assumptions for Direct Allocations:

#### Transmission charges

Transmission charges, although completely absorbed by the Network business, as the guidelines recommend, have not been passed on to the Energy business.

#### Line Losses

Lines Losses are not settled between the energy business and the generators, as the guidelines recommend. The cost of line losses have instead been charged to the Network business by the Energy business.

#### Transmission Assets

Generation does not own transmission assets. The Company defines the point of injection as the point of exit from the Generation facilities.

All transmission assets are owned by the Network business.

#### Interface with Electricity Customers

The guidelines assume that the Energy business is the only interface with electricity consumers. The Company assumes that both the Network and Energy businesses interface directly with all consumers. Accordingly, line fees and energy sales are charged to customers as separate components and have been allocated directly to the respective business units. The above assumptions have affected the following allocations.

### Revenue

Connection fees for new customers have been allocated directly to the Network business.

Line fees charged to customers have been allocated directly to the Network business rather than the Energy business. The Network business has not charged the Energy business for services provided to it in respect of transmission charges incurred or the maintenance of the transmission facilities.

Line losses have been charged to the Network business by the Energy business.

#### Expenses

The costs of meter reading have been charged directly to the Network business as a cost necessarily related to the ownership of the meters. As line fees are allocated directly to the Network business, no charge for meter reading is made by it to the Energy business.

All marketing costs have been allocated in the same manner as other indirect costs and not to Energy business as recommended in the guidelines.

Bad and Doubtful debt expenses have been allocated on to the Network and Energy businesses in the proportion that Line fees and Energy sales represent of the sum of those two items.

#### Assets and Liabilities

Cash and Bank, Term Liabilities and Accrued Interest, where not directly allocated have been allocated on the basis described under the heading "Assumptions for Indirect Allocations". These assumptions have also been applied to the related profit and loss statement items.

#### Assumptions for Indirect Allocations

Where direct allocations of revenues, costs, assets and liabilities are not possible the Company has used as its basis of allocation the relative effort required to maintain the service each business unit provides to the consumer. The relative effort has been calculated on the basis of the number of staff directly employed by each business unit. The methodology is not considered a divergence from the guidelines.

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### **BAY OF PLENTY ELECTRICITY LIMITED** Special Purpose Financial Statements Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the 12 Months ended 31 March 1996

		Network		Generation		<b>Energy Trading</b>	
		1996	1995	1996	1995	1996	1995
•	P	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
3	Revenue						
	External Income	20,065	20,282	9,658	583	23,125	21,305
	Internal Notional Income	-	-	2,806	9,361	591	691
<b>T</b> -4		20,065	20,282	12,464	9,944	23,716	21,996
100	al Revenue	20,005	20,282	12,404	<u>,,,,,</u>	23,749	21,770
4	Operating Expenses						
•							
Ope	rating Expenses Comprise:						
	Transmission Charges						
	External	6,204	5,964	-	- 🖁	-	-
	Avoided	2,806	2,202	•	-	•	-
	Energy Charges						
	External	-	-	-	-	21,979	15,145
	Internal	-	-	-	-	•	7,159
			0.004				
	Distribution Maintenance	2,066	2,894	•		•	-
	Line Losses						
	Internal	591	691	-	-	-	-
	<b>.</b> .	1070	1 790	(75	529	530	540
	Personnel	1,775	1,789	635	529	966	540
	Plant, Equipment & Property	407	440	541	745	84	71
							_
	Audit Costs	18	31	4	6	4	7
	Directors Costs	102	73	22	15	22	16
	Research & Investigations	-	-	809	315	•	-
		2,004	1 776	1,222	1,237	780	721
	Other Operating Costs	2,034	1,726	1,222	1,237	700	/21
Tot	al Operating Expenses	15,973	15,810	3,233	2,847	23,399	23,659
_	_						
5	Interest						
Сог	nprising:						
							<b>_</b> · · ·
	Gross interest	550	671	435	144	118	143
	Less Capitalised Interest	-	-	(317)	-	-	-
Net	Interest	550	671	118	144	118	143

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the 12 Months ended 31 March 1996

	Netw 1996 \$000	o <b>rk</b> 1995 \$000	Gene: 1996 \$000	ration 1995 \$000	Energy 7 1996 \$000	Frading 1995 \$000
	- 165	49 797 107 64		11 170 23 14	165	11 170 23 14
	165	1,017	-	218	165	218
d as follows:						
	1,984	1,335	8,058	5,832	(33)	(2,052)
t 33%	654	440	2,659	1,925	(11)	(677)
	11	115 (9)	43	504 (43)	-	(177) 15
	665	546	2,702	2,386	(11)	(839)
	672 (7)	518 28	2,393 309	2,269 117	(16) 5	(796) (43)
	665	546	2,702	2,386	(11)	(839)
	8,197	8,196	11,395	11,395	400	400
	8,197	8,196	11,395	11,395	400	400

6 Abnormal Items

Abnormal Expenses Comprise:

Company Incorporation Merger Proposal Restructuring Listing Costs

Total Abnormal Expenses

#### 7 Taxation Expense

Taxation expense has been calculated as follows:

Surplus(Deficit) before taxation

Income tax on surplus(deficit) at 33%

Plus/(Less): Permanent Differences Prior Period Adjustments

**Taxation Expense** 

Taxation Expense Comprises: Current Taxation Deferred Taxation

**Taxation Expense** 

### 8 Paid Up Capital

Issued and paid up Capital Ordinary Shares @ \$1.00

Balance as at 31 March

Bay of Plenty Electricity Limited has 19,991,507 Ordinary Shares @ \$1.00 issued and fully paid as at 31 March 1996. The company has authorised capital of \$50 million.

### **BAY OF PLENTY ELECTRICITY LIMITED Special Purpose Financial Statements Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994**

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the 12 Months ended 31 March 1996

	Network		Genera	ation	<b>Energy Trading</b>		
	1996	1995	1996	1995	1996	1995	
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	<b>S000</b>	\$000	
es							
nprises:							
remium Reserve							
Share Premium Reserve	4,613	- 🛛	6,414	- 🛛	225	-	
from Retained Earnings	-	4,613	-	6,414	-	225	
	4,613	4,613	6,414	6,414	225	225	
evaluation Reserve				_ 0	_	-	
y Asset Revaluation Reserve tion during the year	39,115	_	54,545	-	-	-	
uon uning me year	39,115		54,545	- 8		-	
s as at 31 March	43,728	4,613	60,959	6,414	225	225	
ed Earnings							
Retained Earnings							
of Retained Earnings as at 1 April	555	12,909	<b>99</b> 9	16,837	(585)	733	
rred from Loan Redemption Reserve	-	4	-	6	-	-	
rred to Issued and Paid up Capital	-	(8,092)	•	(12,361)	•	(292)	
r to Share Premium Account	-	(4,717)		(5,448)		(333)	
plus(Deficit) for the period	1,319	• 789	5,356	3,446 (1,481)	(146) 15	(1,213) 520	
r to Dividends Payable	(911)	(338)	(3,702)	(1,481)	17	520	
31 March	963	555	2,653	999	(716)	(585)	
						<b>,</b> ,	
ociate Retained Earnings							
g Retained Earnings	-	-	•	-	-	•	
f Retained Earning	-	- 8	-	- 8	124	<u> </u>	
	-	- 3	•	-	124	-	
t 31 March	963	555	2,653	999	(592)	(585)	
1 51 March						<u>کت کی ۔</u>	
Loans							
all due for repayment in the following p	eriods:						
	500	3,500	4,250	1,750	250	750	
one year	3,000	3,500 3,500	4,250 750	750	250 750	750	
one to two years two to three years	1,000		1,000	-	-	-	
three to four years	1,000	-	3,000	-	•	-	
four to five years	1,000	-	2,000	-	•	-	
-							
	6,500	7,000	11,000	2,500	1,000	1,500	

#### 9 Reserves

Reserves Comp

Share Pro Opening Transfer f

### Asset Rev Opening

Revaluation

Reserves

### 10 Retained

Movement in H

Balance o Transferr Transferr Transfer Net Surpl Transfer

Balance as at 2

Share of Assoc Opening Share of

Balance as at

### 11 Term L

Term loans fai

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### Notes to the Financial Statements for the 12 Months ended 31 March 1996

	Netw	ork	Gene	ration	Energy T	rading
	1996	1995	1996	1995	1996	1995
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
11 Term Loans (continued)						
Disclosed in Balance Sheet as: Current Portion of Term Loans	500	3,500	4,250	1,750	250	750
Term Loans	6,000	3,500	6,750	750	250 750	750 750
		•,- • •				
	6,500	7,000	11.000	2,500	1,000	1,500
All term loans are unsecured and are subject to a neg	ative pledge a	greement.	The weights	ed average in	iterest rate o	n term
loans is 7.8%.						
12 Deferred Taxation						
12 Deterred Taxation						
Opening Balance	167	96	734	427	(257)	(147)
Movement for Year (refer note 7)	(7)	28	309	117	S	(43)
Prior Year Adjustment	•	43	-	190	-	(67)
		1.48				
Balance as at 31 March	160	167	1,043	734	(252)	(257)
13 Dividends Payable						
15 Dividends i ayabic						
Dividend Paid and Proposed	911	338	3,702	1,481	(15)	(520)
Less Interim Dividend Paid	(317)	-	(1,288)	- 8	5	-
Balance as at 31 March	594	338	2,414	1,481	(10)	(520)
14 Fixed Assets						•
14 Flacy Assets						
Fixed Assets At 31 March Comprise:						
*						
Land						
Cost	236	223	241	241	12	12
Accumulated Depreciation	(1)	-	-	-	*	
Book Value	235	223	241	241	12	12
Generating Structures						
Valuation (Cost in 1995)	-	-	12,232	4,230	-	-
Accumulated Depreciation	•	-	-	(922)	•	-
Book Value	-	-	12,232	3,308	•	
Other Buildings						
Cost	1,444	1,314	95 (21)	86	170	154
Accumulated Depreciation Book Value	<u>(305)</u> 1,139	(287) 1,027	(21) 74	(20)	<u>(38)</u> 132	(36)
DUUK Yaluc	****2	1,027		00	194	110

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the 12 Months ended 31 March 1996

		Netw 1996	ork 1995	Gener 1996	ation 1995	Energy T 1996	rading 1995
		<b>\$000</b>	\$000	\$000	\$000	<b>\$000</b>	\$000
14	Fixed Assets (continued)						
	Distribution System						
	Valuation (Cost in 1995)	56,834	25,988	•	- ()	•	•
	Accumulated Depreciation		(9,589)	-		-	-
	Book Value	56,834	16,399	-	-	-	-
	Generation Plant						
	Valuation (Cost in 1995)	-	- (	76,792	31,707	-	-
	Accumulated Depreciation		- 🖁	-	(12,110)	<u> </u>	-
	Book Value	-	-	76,792	19,597	-	-
	Plant and Equipment						
	Cost	2,286	2,978	485	402	373	310
	Accumulated Depreciation	(1,531)	(1,735)	(278)	(211)	(207)	(156)
	Book Value	755	1,243	207	191	166	154
	Motor Vehicles						
	Cost	438	471	179	193	85	91
	Accumulated Depreciation	(231)	(263)	(107)	(122)	(31)	(36)
	Book Value	207	208	72	71	54	55
	Furniture and Fittings						
	Cost	318	273	91	78	96	82
	Accumulated Depreciation	(216)	(191)	(62)	(55)	(65)	(57)
	Book Value	102	82	29	23	31	25
Tot	al Fixed Assets						
	Cost or Valuation	61,556	31,247	90,115	36,937	736	649
	Accumulated Depreciation	(2,284)	(12,065)	(468)	(13,440)	(341)	(285)
	Book Value	59,272	19,182	89,647	23,497	395	364

Current Government Valuations for Non-Generation Land and Buildings are \$4.3 million. Valuation dated 1/9/1995.

### Valuation of Generation and Distribution Assets.

Valuation reports have been obtained for the generation and distribution assets as at 31 March 1996. The Distribution valuation was prepared by Worley Consultants Limited in conjunction with Coopers and Lybrand and the Generation assets were valued by Coopers and Lybrand and independently verified by Leyland Consulting Limited. All valuations were performed in accordance with generally accepted valuation techniques.

The Distribution System, previously recorded at historical cost, has been revalued to Optimised Deprival Value as stated in the above mentioned valuation report. The Optimised Deprival Value is considered to be equivalent to net current value. The revaluation was performed as at 31 March 1996, and future revaluations will be prepared on a cyclical basis at least every three years.

Generation assets, previously recorded at historical cost, have been revalued to economic value stated in the above mentioned valuation report. The revaluation was performed as at 31 March 1996, and future revaluations will be performed on a cyclical basis at least every three years. The valuation established reflects the lower of net realisable value or net current value. The valuation has been calculated using net present values of predicted future cash flows, allowing for the benefit of avoided Trans Power transmission charges.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the 12 Months ended 31 March 1996

#### 14 Fixed Assets (continued)

	Valuation	Depreciated Historic Cost
Valuations as at 31 March 1996	\$000	\$000
Generation Assets	89,024	35,475
Distribution Assets	56,834	16,722

### **Change in Classification**

Communication and system supervisory equipment have been reclassified as distribution system assets. These assets were previously classed as plant and equipment. The items have been reclassified so that asset classification is consistent with the classification of assets in the Optimised Deprival Value conventions. Comparative figures have been restated.

Asset value reclassified:	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Book Value
As at 31 March 1996	\$000	\$000	\$000
Communication Equipment	226	160	66
System Supervisory Equipment	834	554	280
As at 31 March 1995			
Communication Equipment	<b>190</b>	144	46
System Supervisory Equipment	834	471	363
Depreciation Rates and Methods			
		Rate	
Land Improvements		2.5% - 33%	
Generation Structures		1% - 4%	
Other Buildings		1% - 2.5%	
Distribution System		2% - 10%	
Generation Plant		1% - 4%	
Plant and Equipment		7.5% - 50%	
Motor Vehicles		10% - 20%	
Furniture and Fittings		10%	

All assets are depreciated on a straight line basis.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the 12 Months ended 31 March 1996

	Network		Generation		Energy '	—
	1996	1995	1996	1995	1996	1995
	\$090	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
15 Taxation Receivable						
Opening Balance	66	17	293	75	(102)	(26)
Charge on Surplus(Deficit) for the						
period (refer note 7)	(672)	(518)	(2,393)	(2,269)	16	796
Taxation paid	661	524	2,323	2,297	85	(806)
Prior Year Adjustment		43	•	190	-	(66)
Balance as at 31 March	55	66	223	293	(1)	(102)
16 Operating Leases						
Operating lease commitments fall due for repayment in the following periods:						
in the following periods.						
Within one year	26	- 🐰	6	- 🛛	6	-
Within one - two years	20	- 🛛	4	- 🛛	4	-
Within two - five years	-	-	-	-	-	-
	46		10		10	-

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### **BAY OF PLENTY ELECTRICITY LIMITED** Special Purpose Financial Statements Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994

Performance Measures for the 12 Months ended 31 March 1996

Disclosure of Financial Performance Measures and Efficiency Performance Measures pursuant to Part II of the First Schedule of the Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994.

1. Financial Performance Measures

(a) Accounting return on total assets, being earnings before interest and tax divided by average total funds employed:

Accounting return on total assets:

(b) Accounting return on equity, being net profit after tax, divided by average total shareholders funds:

### Accounting return on equity

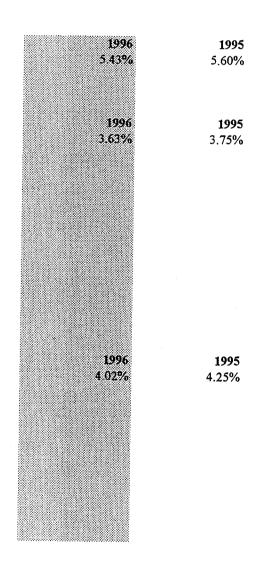
(c) Accounting rate of profit, which shall be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

 $\frac{a-b-c+d}{e}$ 

where:

- a earnings before interest and tax; and
- b cash tax; and
- c interest tax shield; and
- d revaluations; and
- e average shareholders funds employed, minus half the amount of revaluations

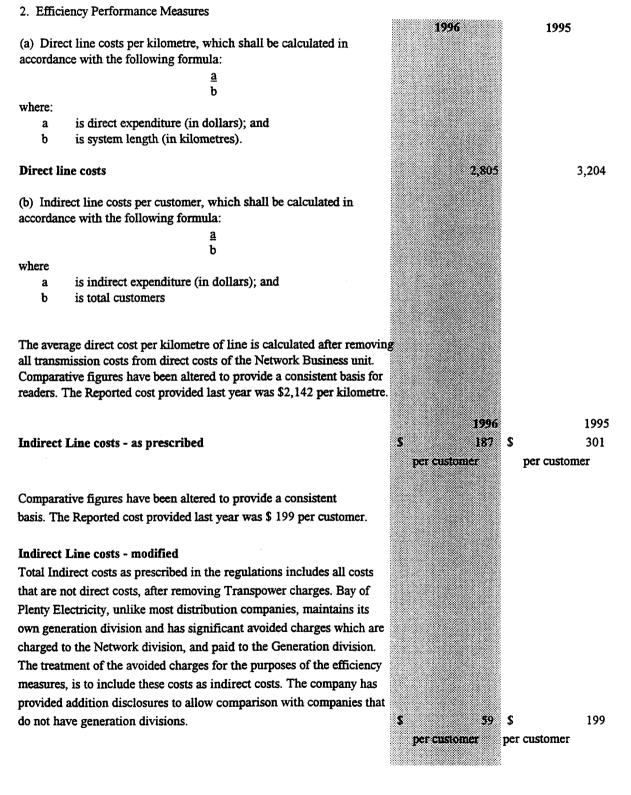
Accounting rate of profit:



**BAY OF PLENTY ELECTRICITY LIMITED** Special Purpose Financial Statements Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994

# Performance Measures

for the 12 Months ended 31 March 1996



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Performance Measures for the 12 Months ended 31 March 1996

Disclosure of Energy Delivery Efficiency Performance Measures and Statistics pursuant to Regulation 15 and Part III of the First Schedule of the Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994.

### 1. Energy Delivery Efficiency Performance Measures

(a) Load factor, which shall be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

<u>a x 100</u> bxc 1

where -

- a is the amount of electricity (in kilowatt hours) entering the system during the financial year; and
- b is the maximum demand; and
- c is the total number of hours in the financial year

#### Load Factor

(b) Loss ratio, which shall be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

where -

- a is the losses of electricity (expressed in kilowatt hours); and
- b is the amount of electricity (in kilowatt hours) entering the system during the financial year:

#### Loss Ratio = 2.3%

(c) Capacity utilisation, which shall be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

<u>a</u>	X	<u>100</u>
b		1

110kV 33kV 11kV 400Volt

where -

a is the maximum demand; and

b is transformer capacity (in kilovolt amperes).

#### Capacity utilisation = 54%

#### 2. Statistics

(a) System length, together with a breakdown of that length according to different nominal line voltages.

1996 67 00%	<b>1995</b> 72.00%
1996 3,60%	<b>1995</b> 2.30%
1996 50.00%	<b>1995</b> 54.00%
1996	1995
21.8km 156.3km 1,451.1km 467.7km	21.8km 137.8km 1,518.6km 396.9km

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### **BAY OF PLENTY ELECTRICITY LIMITED** Special Purpose Financial Statements Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994

### Performance Measures for the 12 Months ended 31 March 1996

System Length	2,096.8km	2,075.1km
(b) The total circuit length (in kilometres) of the overhead electric lines that form part of the system (which length shall be calculated on the same basis as system length is calculated), together with a breakdown of thatlength according to different nominal line voltages;		
	1996	1995
110kV 33kV 11kV 400Volt	21.8km 154.2km 1,359.4km 279.4km	21.8km 137.4km 1,432.3km 207.8km
Total Circuit Length: Overhead	1,814.8km	1,799.3km
(c) The total circuit length (in kilometres) of the underground electric lines that form part of the system (which length shall be calculated on the same basis as system length is calculated), together with a breakdown of that length according to different nominal line voltages:	1996	1995
		1993
110kV 33kV 11kV 400Volt	0 0km 2.1km 91.6km 188.3km	0.0km 0.4km 86.3km 189.1km
Total Circuit Length: Underground	282.0km	275.8km
(d) Transformer capacity, in kilovolt amperes:	100	1005
	1996 189,555 kVA	<b>1995</b> 169,215 kVA
(e) Maximum demand, in kilowatts:	1996	1995
	95,067 KW	90,940 kW
(f) Total electricity supplied from the system, in kilowatt hours:	1005	1005
	<b>1996</b> 537,367,315 kWh	<b>1995</b> 563,345,430 kWh
(g) The total amount of electricity (in kilowatt hours) conveyed through the system during the relevant financial year on behalf of other persons that are electricity generators or electricity retailers, or both, not being persons that are in a prescribed business relationship with the line owner.		
ousiness relationiship with the time owner.	1996	1995
(h) Total customers:	139,547,315 kWh 1996	89,832,173 kWh 1 <b>995</b>
	21,867	21,677

### Performance Measures for the 12 Months ended 31 March 1996

Disclosures of Reliability Performance Measures pursuant to Regulation 16 and Part IV of the First Schedule of the Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994.

1. Total number of interruptions, together with a breakdown of that total according to interruption class.

Class A Class B Class C Class D Class E Class F Class G

#### Total number of interruptions:

2. The total number of faults per 100 circuit kilometres of prescribed voltage electric line:

3. The total number of faults per 100 circuit kilometres of underground prescribed voltage electric line, together with a breakdown of that total according to different nominal line voltages.

110	kV
33	kV
11	kV

#### **Total Underground faults**

4. The total number of faults per 100 circuit kilometres of overhead prescribed voltage electric line, together with a breakdown of that total according to different nominal line voltages.

110	)kV
33	kV
11	kV

#### **Total Overhead Faults**

5. The SAIDI for the total of interruptions, which shall be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

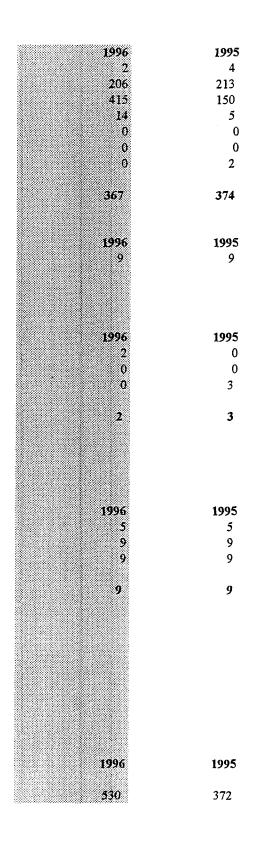
<u>a</u> b

where -

a is the sum obtained by adding together the interruption duration factors for all interruptions; and

b is the total customers





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### **BAY OF PLENTY ELECTRICITY LIMITED Special Purpose Financial Statements Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994**

**Performance Measures** 

		asures	
	for the 12 Months ended	31 March 1996	
interruptio	AIDI for the total number of interruptions within each on class, which shall be calculated in accordance with ing formula:		
	<u>a</u>		
•	b		
where -			
a	is the sum obtained by adding together the interruption duration factors for all interruptions within the particular interruption class; and		
b	is the total customers		
	Class A Class B Class C Class D Class E Class F Class G	1996 70 151 252 54 0 0 0	1995 33 143 178 17 0 0 0
	AFI for the total number of interruptions, which shall ted in accordance with the following formula:		
	<u>a</u>		
_	b		
where -			
a b	is the sum obtained by adding together the number of electricity customers affected by each of those interruptions; and is the total customers		
U	is the total customers	1996	1995
SAIFI To	tal Interruptions	5.60	4.90
interruptio	AIFI for the total number of interruptions within each on class, which shall be calculated in accordance with ing formula:		
	<u>a</u>		
<b>h</b>	b		
where -	is the sum obtained by adding together the number of		
а	electricity customers affected by each of those		
	interruptions within that interruption class; and		
	merruptions within that morruption stabs, and		
b	is the total customers	1996	1995
	Class A	0.30	0.10
	Class B	0.90	1.10
	Class C	3.60	3.30
	Class D	0.90	0.40

- is the sum obtained by a interruption duration within the particular i
- is the total customers b

- is the sum obtained by а electricity customers a interruptions; and
- b is the total customers

### **SAIFI Total Interruptions**

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### 4 NOVEMBER

### NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE

### BAY OF PLENTY ELECTRICITY LIMITED Special Purpose Financial Statements Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994

	Performance Mea	sures	
	for the 12 Months ended 3	1 March 1996	
	Class E		
	Class F	0.00	0.00
	Class F Class G	0.00	0.00
	Class G	0.00	0.00
	AIDI for the total of all interruptions, which shall be in accordance with the following formula:		
	<u>a</u>		
	b		
	U U		
а	is the sum obtained by adding together the number of electricity customers affected by each of those		
	interruptions within that interruption class; and		
b	is the sum obtained by adding together the number		
	of electricity customers affected by each of those		
	interruptions.		
	•	1996	1995
CAIDI To	tal Interruptions	94	76
each intern	AIDI for the total number of interruptions within uption class, which shall be calculated in accordance llowing formula:		
	<u>a</u> b		
where -			
а	is the sum obtained by adding together the intermedian		
a	is the sum obtained by adding together the interruption		
	duration factors for all interruptions within the particular interruption class; and		
	particular interruption class, and		
b	is the sum obtained by adding together the number of		
Ū	electricity customers affected by each of those		
	interruptions.		
		1996	1005
	Class A	266	1995
	Class B	173	288 126
	Class C	70	126 54
	Class D	62	54 46
	Class E	0	40 0
	Class F	ŏ	0
	Class G	Ŭ	54
Definitions		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	7

Class A:	Planned Trans Power Interruption
Class B:	Planned interruption by any Line Operator (other than Trans Power)
Class C:	Unplanned interruption originating within the principal Line Owner's works.
Class D:	Unplanned Trans Power interruption
Class E:	Unplanned ECNZ interruption
Class F:	Unplanned interruption originating from a generator other than ECNZ
Class G:	Other.



chartered accountants and business advisers

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### CERTIFICATION OF PERFORMANCE MEASURES BY AUDITORS

### **BAY OF PLENTY ELECTRICITY LIMITED**

We have examined the attached information, being :-

- (a) Financial performance measures specified in Clause 1 of Part II of the First Schedule to the Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994; and
- (b) Financial components of the efficiency performance measures specified in Clause 2 of Part II of that Schedule;

and having been prepared by Bay of Plenty Electricity Limited and dated 29 August 1996 for the purposes of Regulation 13 of those regulations.

We certify that, having made all reasonable enquiry, to the best of our knowledge, that information has been prepared in accordance with the Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994.

Coopers & Lyhrand

Coopers & Lybrand

### 29 August 1996

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### CERTIFICATION BY AUDITOR IN RELATION TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### BAY OF PLENTY ELECTRICITY LIMITED

We have examined the attached financial statements prepared by Bay of Plenty Electricity Limited and dated 29 August 1996 for the purposes of Regulation 6 of the Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994.

We hereby certify that, having made all reasonable enquiry, to the best of our knowledge, those financial statements give a true and fair view of the matters to which they relate and have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994.

Coopers & Lymand

Coopers & Lybrand

29 August 1996

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27 August 1995

The Directors Bay of Plenty Electricity Limited P O Box 404 WHAKATANE

## CERTIFICATE BY AUDITOR IN RELATION TO ODV VALUATION OF BAY OF PLENTY ELECTRICITY LIMITED

I have examined the valuation report prepared by Worley Consultants Limited of Auckland and dated 23 May 1996, which report contains valuations as at 31 March 1996.

I hereby certify that, having made all reasonable enquiry, to the best of my knowledge, the valuations contained in the report have been made in accordance with the ODV Handbook.

JOHN STEWART GRAY

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### CERTIFICATION OF FINÀNCIAL STATEMENTS, PERFORMANCE MEASURES, AND STATISTICS DISCLOSED BY LINE OWNERS OTHER THAN TRANS POWER.

We, Colin George Houston Holmes, and John Gordon Forsythe, Directors of Bay of Plenty Electricity Limited certify that, having made all reasonable inquiry, to the best of our knowledge.

(a) The attached audited financial statements of Bay of Plenty Electricity Limited prepared for the purposes of Regulation 6 of the Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994, give a true and fair view of the matters to which they relate and comply with the requirements of those regulations; and

(b) The attached information, being financial performance measures, efficiency performance measures, energy delivery efficiency performance measures, statistics, and reliability performance measures in relation to Bay of Plenty Electricity Limited, and having been prepared for the purposes of Regulations 13, 14, 15, and 16 of the Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994, comply with the requirements of the Electricity (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1994.

The valuations on which those financial performance measures are based as at 31 March 1996

CGH (Holmes (Director)

**F**G Forsythe (Director)

Bay of Plenty Electricity Limited - 52 Commerce Street - PO Box 404 - Whakatane 3080 - New Zealand - PH 07 307 2700 - FX 07 307 0922 Auckland Office - Level 1, 15 Putney Way - P O Box 76-500 - Manukau City - Auckland - PH 09 263 9963 - FX 09 262 0925 ISO 9001 APPROVED

